

IRC-2

Log # 10-17
(for office use only)

WASHINGTON STATE BUILDING CODE COUNCIL
APPLICATION FOR REVIEW OF A PROPOSED STATEWIDE AMENDMENT
TO THE WASHINGTON STATE BUILDING CODE

1. State Building Code to be Amended.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> International Building Code | <input type="checkbox"/> Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality Code |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International Residential Code | <input type="checkbox"/> International Mechanical Code |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ICC ANSI A117.1 Accessibility Code | <input type="checkbox"/> International Fuel Gas Code |
| <input type="checkbox"/> International Fire Code | <input type="checkbox"/> NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Uniform Plumbing Code | <input type="checkbox"/> NFPA 58 Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code |
| <input type="checkbox"/> State Energy Code | |

Section R403.1Page 73

2. Applicant:

Annie O'Rourke

3. Signed:

Annie O'Rourke 2/28/10
Proponent Title Date

4. Contact Person:

Annie O'Rourke
Name Title
Address: PO Box 1246
Port Angeles, WA 98302
Phone: 360 417-5615 Fax: ()

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SBCC

5. Proposed Code Amendment (Underline all added words, strike through deleted words) Additional pages may be attached.

Code IRC 2009 Section T403.1 Page 73

Amend section to read as follows:

TABLE R403.1
MINIMUM WIDTH OF CONCRETE,
PRECAST OR MASONRY FOOTINGS
(Inches)^a

	LOAD-BEARING VALUE OF SOIL (psf)			
	1,500	2,000	3,000	≥ 4,000
Conventional light-frame construction				
1-story Floors ^{P.C.}	12	12	12	12
2-story Floors ^{P.C.}	15	12	12	12
3-story Floors ^{P.C.}	23	17	12	12
4-inch brick veneer over light frame or 8-inch hollow concrete masonry				
1-story	12	12	12	12
2-story	21	16	12	12
3-story	32	24	16	12
8-inch solid or fully grouted masonry				
1-story	16	12	12	12
2-story	29	21	14	12
3-story	42	32	21	16

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

a. Where minimum footing width is 12 inches, use of a single wythe of solid or fully grouted 12-inch nominal concrete masonry units is permitted.

b. Represents the number of floors supported

c. Footings shall be permitted to support a roof in addition to the stipulated number of floors. Footings supporting roof only shall be as required for supporting one floor.

6. Background information on amendment.

NOTE: State-wide and emergency state-wide amendments to the state building code should be based on one of the following criteria:

- (1) The amendment is needed to address a critical life/safety need.
- (2) The amendment is needed to address a specific state policy or statute.
- (3) The amendment is needed for consistency with state or federal regulations.
- (4) The amendment is needed to address a unique character of the state.
- (5) The amendment corrects errors and omissions.

This code change recognizes the minimal weight of conventional light frame wall construction compared to that of masonry or concrete wall construction on the footing size. Currently, this table penalizes light frame construction by grouping it with 4" brick veneer, 8" masonry, etc, which is significantly heavier. By changing stories to "floors supported" for light frame construction only, consistency can be met with IBC Table 1809.7 and standard engineering practice. As an example, this change would allow a conventionally framed slab-on-ground garage with a bonus room above to be constructed with a standard 12" wide footing where the soil bearing is 1500psf rather than the current table which would require a 15" because it would be classified as a 2 story structure.

Log # 10-17
(for office use only)**Economic Impact Worksheet**
(Required for statewide amendment requests. Attach supporting documentation.)Code References: 2009 IRC Title: Footings Size Table
Proponent: Ann O'Rourke Phone 360 417 5615 Date: 2.28.10**Part I ♦ Amendment Benefit:**

PROBLEM(S) ADDRESSED: _____

PRIMARY REASON FOR AMENDMENT: (check one only)

- ☐ Protect public health, safety and welfare ☐ Mandate from legislation or courts
☒ Reduce cost ☐ Code change
☐ "Manage risk" for government ☐ Other _____

TYPE OF BENEFITS PROJECTED: (check all that apply)

- ☐ Saves lives/reduces injuries ☐ Saves energy
☐ Protects/improves long-term health ☐ Protects environment
 Reduces construction cost: ☐ Increases accessibility
☒ Over existing code requirement ☐ Reduces regulation
☐ Canceling new code requirement ☐ Reduces government enforcement cost
☐ Off-setting new code requirement ☐ Clarifies/improves existing code
☐ Increases construction alternatives ☐ Protects property loss/damage
☐ Other _____

Part II ♦ Amendment Impacts:TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION: ☒ New Construction ☒ Remodeling/Tenant Improvement/Repair

COMPLETE TABLE FOR EACH BUILDING TYPE CHECKED

(See reverse for instruction on items ^a through ^e)

✓	Building Type	Construction ^a 1st Cost		Enforcement ^b		Owner ^c Ongoing		Other		Supporting data attached
	Residential	C/S ^d	Degree ^e	C/S ^d	Degree ^e	C/S ^d	Degree ^e	C/S ^d	Degree ^e	✓
✓	Single family	—	1	—	0	—	0			
	Multi-family									
	Commercial/Retail									
	Industrial									
	Government/Utilities									
	Other:									

OTHER EFFECTS:

Evaluate by number scale 0-3 (0=none, 3=significant)

- 0 Likelihood for litigation
0 Decrease public cooperation
0 Disadvantage small business
 Other _____

Evaluate by letter code

(Spec, Custom, Factory, Remodel, Manufact., Other, NA)

- NA Advantage one industry
NA Disadvantage one industry

Part III ♦ Comments and Recommendations:

Evaluate each by number scale 0-3 (0=none, 3=significant)

- 0 Difficulty to Enforce 1 Cost of not adopting amendment
0 Costs exceed Benefits 1 Degree of TAG controversy
3 C/S Confidence level

Evaluate Yes or No (circle one)

- Y / (S) Were alternative solutions considered
 Y / (S) Recommend further benefit/impact analysis
 Y / (N) Recommend future benefit/impact review